

Multiple-Choice Questions

1. Bailee loses interest in her toy when her father covers it with a blanket. According to Jean Piaget, Bailee has yet to obtain which cognitive milestone?
 - (A) Egocentrism
 - (B) Conservation
 - (C) Object permanence
 - (D) Self-regulation
 - (E) Contact comfort
2. Every time Tim goes to the grocery store with his mother he spends an hour getting ready. When asked why he takes so long, he responds, "What if I see someone I know?" Tim is experiencing which of the following?
 - (A) Personal fable
 - (B) Imaginary audience
 - (C) Conservation
 - (D) Identity confusion
 - (E) Thought disorder
3. Keiko drops out of her high school drama club and joins the rugby club instead in an effort to meet new people. According to Erikson's psychosocial theory of development, Keiko is currently experiencing
 - (A) trust versus mistrust
 - (B) initiative versus guilt
 - (C) secure attachment versus insecure attachment
 - (D) identity versus role confusion
 - (E) industry versus inferiority
4. Harry Harlow felt that for infant monkeys
 - (A) the need for contact comfort is less important than the reduction of the hunger drive
 - (B) the need for social interaction is clearly overestimated
 - (C) the need for contact comfort is more important than the reduction of the hunger drive
 - (D) infant monkeys raised in a rich, stimulating environment are more likely to be securely attached
 - (E) there is a critical period during which imprinting must take place
5. Lightly touching an infant's cheek will result in the movement of the infant's mouth to whichever side of his face was touched. This is known as what type of reflex?
 - (A) Babinski
 - (B) Moro
 - (C) Palmar
 - (D) Sucking
 - (E) Rooting

6. Students at Bayside High School are amazed by all the knowledge Dr. Jones possesses. Having taken psychology, you know that the professor's extensive knowledge can likely be attributed to a high level of
 - (A) fluid intelligence
 - (B) crystallized intelligence
 - (C) self-efficacy
 - (D) wisdom
 - (E) creativity
7. Maturation refers to
 - (A) environmental influences that can potentially put the baby at risk for developing a disorder
 - (B) development that occurs naturally, and without the influence of the environment
 - (C) development that occurs because of the influence of the environment
 - (D) the adaptation of new objects in an already existing schema
 - (E) the implementation of a new schema to make sense of new information
8. Which of the following correctly represents Elizabeth Kübler-Ross's theory of death and grief?
 - (A) Denial, anger, fear, bargaining, acceptance
 - (B) Fear, anger, bargaining, denial, acceptance
 - (C) Denial, anger, curiosity, bargaining, acceptance
 - (D) Denial, anger, bargaining, depression, acceptance
 - (E) Anger, bargaining, grief, anger, acceptance
9. Brody is contemplating whether to cheat on his upcoming psychology examination. He knows that he needs to get an A on the test. However, he also recognizes that if he gets caught cheating, he will have to accept any punishment he receives. Brody then decides that getting an A on the exam outweighs the risk of getting caught. According to Kohlberg, Brody is currently at what level of morality?
 - (A) Preconventional
 - (B) Operational
 - (C) Post-conventional
 - (D) Concrete
 - (E) Conventional
10. The term used to define any agent that may interfere with development in a human fetus is called
 - (A) maturation
 - (B) a teratogen
 - (C) egocentrism
 - (D) the critical period
 - (E) a personal fable
11. According to Baumrind, the type of parenting that would most likely produce a cooperative, caring, and empathetic child is
 - (A) permissive
 - (B) avoidant
 - (C) egocentric
 - (D) authoritarian
 - (E) authoritative

12. According to Erikson, the first crisis encountered in human development is
 - (A) trust versus mistrust
 - (B) identity versus role confusion
 - (C) shame versus doubt
 - (D) generativity versus stagnation
 - (E) intimacy versus isolation
13. Which of the following is an example of a secondary sex characteristic?
 - (A) increased amount of body hair
 - (B) decreased cognitive functioning
 - (C) increased cognitive functioning
 - (D) decreased language skills
 - (E) increased amount of sleep
14. Tommy, a toddler, is sitting in a room with his mother when a stranger enters, causing Tommy to cling tightly to his mother. His mother reassures Tommy that everything is all right and that he can play with the stranger. According to Mary Ainsworth, Tommy is displaying
 - (A) insecure attachment
 - (B) ambivalent/resistant attachment
 - (C) obstinate attachment
 - (D) secure attachment
 - (E) unasserted attachment
15. Erin believes that if she doesn't play with her toys an equal amount of time they will become sad and lonely. According to Piaget, Erin is displaying
 - (A) animism
 - (B) egocentrism
 - (C) artificialism
 - (D) personal fable
 - (E) industry versus inferiority

Free-Response Questions

1. Discuss how each of the following viewed human development.
 - (a) Jean Piaget
 - (b) Lawrence Kohlberg
 - (c) Erik Erikson
 - (d) Lev Vygotsky
2. Jim is a sixteen-year-old who is contemplating dropping out of high school. Jim says, "Nobody understands me and everyone stares at me all the time! Plus, I have really big ideas, and my band is going to make it as soon as people actually appreciate something unique and truly culture-changing." Explain how each of the following influences Jim.
 - (a) Formal operational stage
 - (b) Personal fable
 - (c) Imaginary audience
 - (d) Identity versus role confusion